

Write all responses on separate paper. Show your work in detail for credit. No calculators.

1. Let  $P(t)$  be the inches of precipitation at Horse Meadow on day  $t$  where  $t =$  the number of days since 12/27/2005. The table at right shows the value of this function over a 5 day period.

Date	$P(t)$ (in.)
12/27/2005	0.7
12/28/2005	0.5
12/29/2005	0
12/30/2005	0.9
12/31/2005	1.6

- (a) Use the table to find the average rate of change in precipitation between 12/27/2005 and 12/31/2005. Be sure to specify the units of measure for this rate of change.
- (b) What is your best approximation, based on this table, for rate of change on December 29?

2. Find the limit. Give baby steps and justify each step with a property of limits.

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 8}{x^3 - x^2 - x - 2}$   
*Hint:*  $x^3 - x^2 - x - 2 = (x - 2)(x^2 + x + 1)$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{4 - x^2}{|4 - x^2|}$

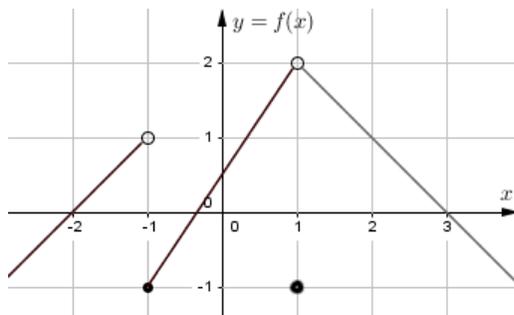
(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 100}}{3x - 4}$

(d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \ln(\tan(\frac{x}{2}))$

3. Give a formal epsilon-delta definition proof that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 2x + 1 = 7$

4. Find the smallest value of  $N$  so that if  $x > N$  then  $\frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan(x) < \frac{\pi}{4}$

5. Consider the graph of the function  $y = f(x)$  shown below:



(a) Find each limit, or explain why it does not exist. SOLNS:

i.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x)$

ii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x)$

iii.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$

(b) Is  $f$  discontinuous where  $x = -1$ ? Justify your answer using the definition of continuity.

(c) Is  $f$  discontinuous where  $x = 1$ ? Justify your answer using the definition of continuity.

6. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & : x < 2 \\ 1 + b & : x = 2 \\ (x - 2)^3 + 4 & : x > 2 \end{cases}$$

Find all values of  $b$  so that  $f$  is a continuous function.

7. Consider  $f(x) = x^2 + x$

(a) Use the **definition** of the derivative to find the derivative function  $f'(x)$

(b) Find an equation for the line tangent to the function where  $x = 1$

8. Use the intermediate value theorem to show that the equation

$$\sin(\pi\sqrt{x}) = 4x^2 - 4x + 1$$

has a solution for  $0 < x < 1$ . First state the Intermediate Value Theorem, then show precisely how the premise is satisfied and what conclusion follows.